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# Wire Harness Repair or Replacement Guide

Service Category Power Source/Network

Section	Power Distribution	Market USA	Toyota Supports
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### Applicability

YEAR(S)	MODEL(S)	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
2014 - 2017	CT200H	
2021 - 2022	ES250, LC500C	
2013 - 2022	ES300H, ES350, LX570, RX350, RX450H	
2016 - 2020	GS F	
2016 - 2017	GS200T, IS200T, RC200T	
2018 - 2019	GS300	
2015 - 2020	GS350	
2013 - 2018	GS450H	
2014 - 2022	GX460, IS350	
2014 - 2015	IS250	
2016 - 2022	IS300, RC300	
2022	IS500, NX250, NX350, NX350H, NX450H+	
2018 - 2022	LC500, LC500H, LS500, LS500H	
2013 - 2017	LS460	
2013 - 2016	LS600H	
2015 - 2017	NX200T	
2018 - 2021	NX300	
2015 - 2021	NX300H	
2015 - 2022	RC F, RC350	
2019 - 2022	UX200, UX250H	

Introduction

This Service Bulletin includes guidelines meant to help determine whether to repair or replace a wire harness assembly based on damage type. This Service Bulletin should be used in conjunction with the applicable model and model year Electronic Wiring Diagram (EWD) and/or Repair Manual.

### NOTE

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The guidelines in this Service Bulletin should ONLY be performed by technicians that have taken the Lexus Technical Training E-Learning Module LEC306A – *Wire Harness Repair*. For a summary of that module, reference "<u>QL621A Wire Harness Repair Quick Training Guide</u>" found on the Technical Information System (TIS), by accessing the following menus: *Technical Training* – *QTG* – *Skill Area: Electrical & A/C*.

#### Warranty Information

OP CODE	DESCRIPTION	TIME	OFP	T1	T2
N/A	Not Applicable to Warranty		-	I	-

#### **Parts Information**

For wire harness assembly replacement, look up the part(s) in the Electronic Parts Catalog (EPC) per the VIN. For wire harness repair parts information, use the wire harness repair information from the EWD component detail/wire harness repair screen. See the figure below for an example of this process.

#### Figure 1. EWD Parts Information Example

[+]Connector List I	nstrument Pa	nel Inst	trument Panel Wi	re / No. 3 Instrument Panel Wire
Name	Instrument P	anel Wire	and No. 2 Floor W	lire
Code	DG4		Part Number	90980-12862/90980-12861
Spec			Color	White
[-]Wire Harness Repair · WIRE HARNESS REPA · TERMINAL AND CON		S		
· TERMINAL AND CON	NECTOR REPAI	R PROCE	DURES	
Caution Items				÷
Wire Type				Copper
Terminal Type			1.5 (Non	-waterproof Type)
Male / Female				Female
Sleeve			size:M (Silv	ver) P/N: 82999-52020
SST			P/N	09991-00570
				Repair Wire      E = 20      P/N:    160mm    82998-24350      500mm    500mm

#### **Required Tools & Equipment**

SPECIAL SERVICE TOOLS (SST)	PART NUMBER	QTY
Terminal Removal Tool Kit*	11819-00026	1

\*Essential SST.

#### NOTE

Additional SSTs may be ordered by calling 1-800-933-8335.

### Guides

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### **Repair or Replacement Determination Guide**

BEFORE the wire harness assembly is repaired or replaced, locate the damaged portion and identify the causes of the damage.

#### NOTICE

Serious malfunctions may result if the wire harness assembly is repaired or replaced without locating the damage or identifying the causes.

#### Table 1. Wire Harness Parts Information

TERMS	REFERENCE IMAGE	TERMS	REFERENCE IMAGE
Terminals *a: Female *b: Male	*a *b	Wires *a: Insulator *b: Core	*a *b
Connector		Wire Harness Assembly	to the second se
Repair Wire	Contration of the second se	Sleeves	

If the wire harness assembly damage is related to ANY of the circumstances below, repair is **NOT RECOMMENDED** as a quality repair and can NOT be guaranteed:

- Orange wire harness assemblies for high-voltage systems (e.g., hybrid systems)
- Large (greater than or equal to 8 sq. mm, approximately 8 AWG) wire harness assembly for high-current systems (e.g., alternator system)
- Flood-damaged vehicles
- Thermal event damaged vehicles
- Shielded wires, such as antenna cable and video data cable
- Supplemental Restraint System circuits

Wire harness repair instructions for the circumstances above may be found in other publications such as, Recalls, Campaigns, Service Bulletins, Tech Tips, etc. that have been approved to address specific conditions on specific vehicles. The instructions found in these publications should be followed for those specific instances.

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# Wire Harness Repair or Replacement Guide

### **Repair or Replacement Determination Guide (continued)**

If the wire harness assembly damage is NOT related to ANY of the circumstances above, determine the best repair method by using the following information:

- Broken or separated wire
  Recommended repair methods:
  - Wire repair
  - Wire harness assembly replacement

Bent or damaged male wire terminals Recommended repair methods:

Wire harness assembly replacement

Wire terminal repair

#### Figure 2.



#### Figure 3.



1	Not Good
2	Good

Loose or damaged female wire terminals with poor tension/fit

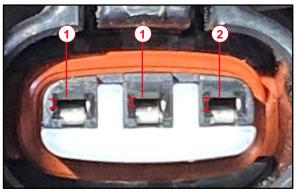
Recommended repair methods:

- Wire terminal repair
- Wire harness assembly replacement

### NOTE

Until the wire terminal gauge tool is available, for a suspected poor terminal tension condition, replace the entire wire harness if unable to effectively diagnose by other reasonable methods such as a wiggle test or visual inspection for looseness.



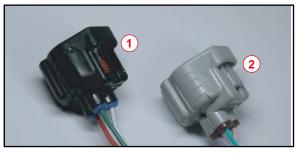


1	Good
2	Not Good (Female Wire Terminal With Poor Tension/Fit)

### **Repair or Replacement Determination Guide (continued)**

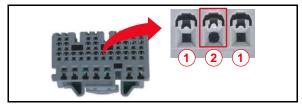
- Broken connector-lock tab Recommended repair methods:
  - Connector replacement •
  - Wire harness assembly replacement •

Figure 5.



1	Not Good
2	Good

#### Figure 6.



1	Good
2	Not Good

Damaged weather seal Recommended repair methods:

Connector deformation caused by

Recommended repair methods: Connector replacement

incorrect terminal probing

•

•

- Repair wire replacement •
- Wire harness assembly replacement

Wire harness assembly replacement

#### Figure 7.

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**Damaged Weather Seal** 

### **Repair or Replacement Determination Guide (continued)**

Melted wires

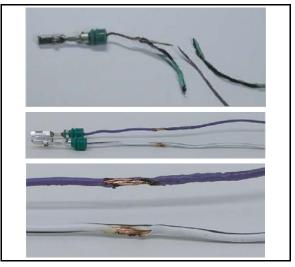
#### NOTE

- It is difficult to precisely locate ALL areas that were damaged.
- Excessive heat impairs the flexibility and electrical conductivity of the wire harness assembly.

Recommended repair method:

Wire harness assembly replacement

#### Figure 8. Melted Wires Examples



Wire terminal discoloration

#### NOTE

- It is difficult to precisely locate ALL areas that were damaged.
- If a wire harness assembly repair is performed, corrosion or rust may still occur.

Recommended repair method:

• Wire harness assembly replacement





1	Good
2	Not Good

#### **Repair or Replacement Determination Guide (continued)**

• Wire terminal corrosion

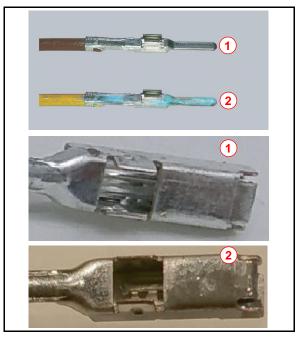
#### NOTE

- It is difficult to precisely locate ALL areas that were damaged.
- If a wire harness assembly repair is performed, corrosion or rust may still occur.

Recommended repair method:

• Wire harness assembly replacement

Figure 10.



1	Good
2	Not Good

#### Precautions for Repair Using Repair Wires and/or Connectors

1. Confirm the necessary wire harness assembly repair tools are available.

#### NOTICE

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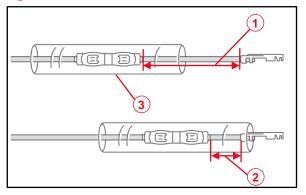
- Wire harness assembly parts may be damaged or broken if the repair is conducted without using the appropriate tools.
- The vehicle repair quality may NOT be achieved if the repair is completed without using the appropriate parts.
- 2. Do NOT repair wires that are meant to bend (such as wires in the door-jamb area).

#### NOTICE

Original wire harness assembly routing or layout can NOT be restored, as sleeves can NOT bend. Doing so could cause the sleeve to break and this may lead to other malfunctions or problems.

- Check if the removed protective wire harness assembly covers and clamps can be restored after the completion of the repair. If the protective covers or clamps can NOT be restored, the wire harness assembly may be damaged or produce unusual noise due to vibration or interference with the vehicle body or components. Replace covers and/or clamps as needed.
- 4. Repairing communication wire harness assemblies is NOT recommended, for example, CAN (Controller Area Network) communication. Repair causes the electrical resistance to vary, potentially blocking communication signals.
- 5. Ensure the remaining wire length is AT LEAST 30 mm to achieve the waterproof capability and insulation performance of a heat shrink sleeve.





1	Good (30-mm Wire Length)	
2	Not Good (Less Than 30-mm Wire Length)	
3	Heat Shrink Sleeve	

### Precautions for Repair Using Repair Wires and/or Connectors (continued)

6. Avoid the heat shrink sleeves being adjacent to each other when several wires connected to the same connector need to be repaired simultaneously.

#### NOTE

The protective wire harness assembly cover or clamps may NOT be restored if the heat shrink sleeves are adjacent to each other.

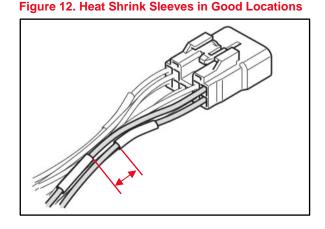
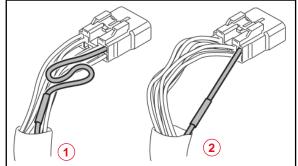


Figure 13.



1	Repaired Wire is Too Long
2	Repaired Wire is Too Short

- 7. Cut the repaired wire or the existing wire, whichever one will help you to obtain the same wire length as the original one AFTER the repair.
  - The repaired wire may have an open or short circuit due to vibration if it is too long.
  - The repaired wire may have an open or short circuit due to vibration if it is too short.
  - Terminal deformation or poor contact may also result from a repaired wire being too long or too short.

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#### New Terminal Removal Tool Kit Information

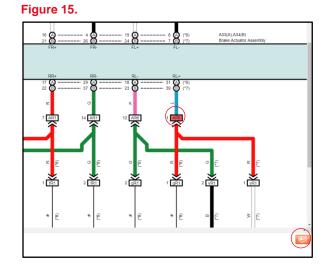
A NEW terminal removal tool kit was developed for wire harness repair. This kit includes 10 tools that can be used for multiple terminal and connector types. This section includes instructions for using the NEW wire terminal removal tool kit.

#### Figure 14. Terminal Removal Tool Kit

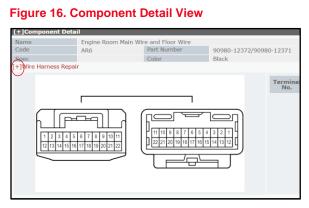
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#### New Terminal Removal Tool Kit Information (continued)

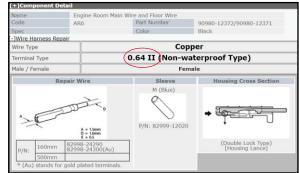
- 1. Confirm terminal type.
  - A. Select the connector that is to be serviced within the EWD and open the component detail view for that connector.



B. Within the component detail view, expand the Wire Harness Repair section and confirm the terminal type.



#### Figure 17. Terminal Type Example



#### New Terminal Removal Tool Kit Information (continued)

- 2. Confirm the necessary tool by looking up the corresponding blade part number per terminal type by using the table below.
  - Table 2.

ILLUSTRATION	PART NUMBER	PART NAME	NOTES AND PURPOSE
/}	09991-00500		For Terminal Removal/ 0.64 Non-waterproof Type, Female
	09991-00510	Lance Canceling Tool	For Terminal Removal/ 0.64 Non-waterproof Type, Male
2	09992-01030		For Terminal Removal/ 0.64 II Non-waterproof Type, Male 0.64 II Non-waterproof Type, Female
	09991-00520	Lance Canceling Tool No. 1	For Terminal Removal/ 0.5 Non-waterproof Type, Female 0.5 W Non-waterproof Type, Female
	09991-00530	Lance Canceling Tool No. 2	For Terminal Removal/ 0.5 II Waterproof Type, Female 0.64 Non-waterproof Type, Female
M	09991-00560	Lance Canceling Tool No. 3	For Terminal Removal/ 0.64 Waterproof Type, Male
13	09991-00570	Lance Canceling Tool No. 4	For Terminal Removal/ 1.5 Non-waterproof Type, Male 1.5 Non-waterproof Type, Female
	09041-1C570	Minus screwdriver 1.8 mm	For Terminal Removal (to Release Retainer)/ 0.64 II Male, Mainly 2.3 - 8.0, etc.
C	09041-1C580	Minus Screwdriver 0.9 mm	For Terminal Removal (to Release Retainer)/ Mainly 1.0 – 2.3 II, etc.
0	09991-00550	Retainer Remover A	For Retainer Release/ 0.64 Waterproof Type, Male

3. Use the corresponding tool(s) to dissemble the connector and remove the terminal. Use the procedures taught in the Lexus Technical Training E-Learning Module LEC306A and the "QL621A Wire Harness Repair Quick Training Guide."

### NOTICE

Wire harness assembly parts may be damaged or broken if this tool kit is NOT used correctly and carefully.